

FST-2802 TestPad Gigabit Ethernet Services Module

Now able to test Ethernet, Fibre Channel, and IP services in a single test instrument!



Key Features

- Full line rate traffic generation to test IP services
- Ability to generate full line rate 10/100 and GigE services
- Ability to test 1.0625 and 2.125 Gbps Fibre Channel services at 100% wire speed
- Support for Fibre Channel login and buffer crediting for sub-rate testing
- BER testing at Layer 1 and Layer 2 for Ethernet and Fibre Channel circuits
- Ability to perform RFC2544 benchmarking testing
- VLAN and TOS/DSCP traffic priorization testing
- Variable traffic load characteristics to measure the true performance of the link
- Dual-port capability for Ethernet, Fibre Channel, and IP traffic generation
- Loopback frame generation to loop the far-end test instrument automatically
- Easy-to-use graphical interface to minimize the training require ments

Many worldwide service providers and operators are planning transitions from their current networks to next generation IP/MPLS converged networks. Despite lean capex spending environments, service providers are increasing their invest-ments in IP, MPLS, broadband, and metro Ethernet technologies.

There are multiple reasons why providers and operators are getting ready for data network convergence. These include:

- a reduction of operational expenditures through simpler networks that eliminate network duplication.
- an ability to converge voice, data, and video applications by investing in additional application layers (such as IP).
- allows operators to seek new opportunities to boost revenues, such as offering managed IP/MPLS VPNs.

A major theme of this overall convergence is the movement to the next generation of IP networks. With this developing market trend, JDSU has enhanced the FST-2802 to enable providers and operators to utilize this tool for turning up and troubleshooting IP services. The FST-2802 enables technicians to use one test set to turn up services ranging from 10/100 Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, Fibre Channel and IP – all from a single TestPad module!

The JDSU FST-2802, a member of the TestPad family of products, is a rugged, battery operated test instrument that enables field technicians to turn-up and maintain Ethernet, Fibre Channel, and IP services. The testing capabilities of the FST-2802 range from BER testing and verifying end-to-end connectivity to determining throughput, link usage, and round-trip delay in Ethernet, Fibre Channel, and IP test scenarios. In addition, a new Fibre Channel login feature allows users to test buffer crediting and sub-rate Fibre Channel services. The easy-to-use graphical interface of the FST-2802 facilitates technicians with limited Ethernet, Fibre Channel, or IP testing experience to verify performance parameters and ensure that the services conform to service level agreements (SLAs).

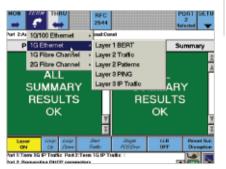


Figure 1:Term Application Test Solutions

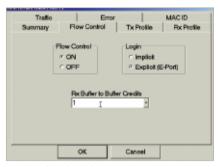


Figure 2: Fibre Channel Login Set-up Page

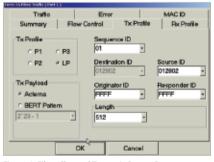


Figure 3: Fibre Channel Transmit Set-up Page

Product Features

Ethernet Traffic Testing

The FST-2802 allows users to transmit traffic up to 100 percent of wire speed and specify either a JDSU or BERT payload when turning up an Ethernet link. Robust traffic generation capabilities of the FST-2802 enable generation of Ethernet frames with various configurable parameters such as bandwidth utilization, frame length, and frame payload. The user can also choose to transmit a PRBS pattern or a 32-bit fixed pattern as a defined sequence of 1's and 0's. In either case, different traffic conditions can be simulated by choosing constant, ramp, or bursty traffic load settings. Finally, an analysis can be done on the performance of the link through an easy-to-use result interface.

VLAN Protocol Support

VLAN tag manipulation supported on the FST-2802 enables generation of Ethernet traffic stream with specific VLAN ID (802.1Q) and traffic priority (801.p). This enables technicians to verify the correct transmission and prioritization of the stream through the network. In addition, VLAN filtering allows the users to isolate a specific VLAN stream and compare its performance to the total link performance. VLAN protocol support is available for both Layer 2 and Layer 3 traffic testing.

Fibre Channel Testing

The 1G and 2G Fibre Channel testing (FC-100™ and FC-200™) enables users to test both Fibre Channel and FICON services. The user is able to select different routing controls, destination and source identifiers, data structures, and sequence counts in each frame to further test specific Fibre Channel traffic. In addition to testing up to 100% traffic rate, a new feature is added to the FST-2802 which enables a user to perform a login and setup buffer credits in order to test sub-rate Fibre Channel and/or distance-extended Fibre Channel links. By performing this type of testing, it is assured that the throughput and round trip delay specifications are maintained per SLA over long Fibre Channel links. With this feature, the FST-2802 also allows users to troubleshoot the Fibre Channel login process.

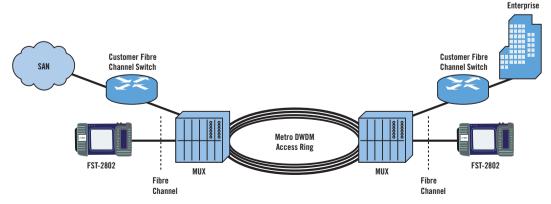


Diagram 1: Fibre Channel Testing on Metro DWDM Network

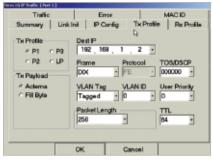


Figure 4: IP Packet Set-up Page



Figure 5: Receive Profile page for IP Traffic

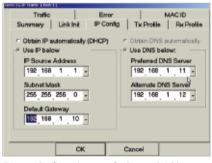


Figure 6: Configuration page for Source IP Address

IP Traffic Testing

The IP Traffic testing feature enables users to generate and receive valid IP packets. The FST-2802 allows for configuration of IP header fields such as TTL, TOS/DSCP, Source IP Address, and Destination IP Address. The FST-2802 supports both Static and Dynamic IP addressing, given that a Source IP address may be assigned by a DHCP server. If the Destination IP address is known, the far end MAC address can also be discovered by the FST-2802 through the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP). Basic domain name service testing can be completed to ensure that the DNS server is able to resolve the name to the appropriate address. Traffic load settings can be configured for constant, ramp, and bursty traffic to simulate different network traffic conditions.to ensure that the DNS server is able to resolve the name to the appropriate address. Traffic load settings can be configured for constant, ramp, and bursty traffic to simulate different network traffic conditions.

Dual Port Testing

The dual-port capability allows the users to generate traffic on two independent ports at the same time, thereby allowing them to stress test two circuits with specific tests simultaneously. For example, users may specify different frame/packet sizes, traffic characteristics, and filters on each port, exposing the network elements to varying traffic patterns, as it would be the case in live networks.

Remote Control and Results Storage

The FST-2802, in combination with the Version 6 UIM, enables remote users to access the FST-2802, using an analog modem and/or Ethernet access and a standard Web Browser. In addition, this test instrument features an FTP server, which enables users to store and transfer files to and from other network locations.

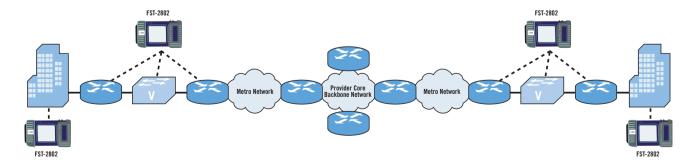


Diagram 2: IP Traffic Testing in Metro Networks

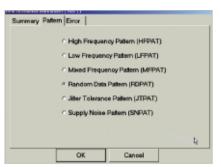


Figure 7: Layer 1 BERT Pattern

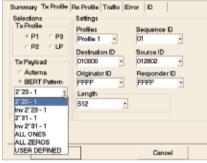


Figure 8: Layer 2 BERT Pattern Selection

Applications

Throughput and Round Trip Delay Measurements

In order for Ethernet, Fibre Channel, or IP service hand-offs to take place between the provider and an end customer, many customers require proof that the circuit can handle the service that they are buying. Therefore, providers are required to measure the throughput to verify that the network can carry the bandwidth allocated to the end customer. To prove this, technicians generate valid traffic at the line rate specified for the service. Moreover, an additional purpose of this test is to verify that no data has been errored and lost during its transit through the network. In addition to verifying the throughput of the service sold, providers may want to verify additional items in the SLAs, such as number of errored frames/packets, frame loss rate, and round-trip delay (RTD) measurement. In verifying the RTD, technicians will have the ability to terminate a circuit and measure a network delay of a transmitted frame/packet. This test will be performed using a loop-back functionality of the FST-2802.

Traffic Analysis and Filtering

In order to perform more detailed troubleshooting in the network, technicians use the FST-2802 to filter on a specific traffic stream. In particular, if an end customer utilizes L2 prioritization techniques (VLAN ID and Priority) along with L3 prioritization schemes (TOS or DSCP fields), a technician may be asked to verify that a particular traffic stream is being generated successfully and sent through the network without any errors. The FST-2802's filtering capability allows technicians to complete this verification thoroughly, thereby providing end customers with a proof that their traffic will transition the provider's network error-free.

Bit Error Testing

The FST-2802 features the BER testing at both Layer 1 (physical layer) and Layer 2 of Ethernet and Fibre Channel circuits using a variety of stress test patterns designed specifically for these technologies. According to physical layer specifications, Ethernet and Fibre Channel circuits should conform to BER of 10-12 or better.

Loopback Frame Generation

The loopback buttons on the main application window of the FST-2802 enable generation of Ethernet, Fibre Channel, and IP loopback frames to loop-up and loop-down the far end test instrument. This is done without requiring the testset to know the far-end units physical address, since the near-end FST-2802 is able to resolve the address of the far end unit. This capability enables a technician to leave one test instrument at the far end and perform loopback tests for measuring bi-directional throughput and round-trip delay on the circuit. In addition, the loopback functionality allows the user to set-up specific traffic to be looped back, based on specified receive filter characteristics (i.e., MAC addresses, IP addresses, VLAN, etc.)

Bi-directional Monitoring/Thru Mode

In addition to generating two separate traffic streams, the dual-port feature of the FST-2802 enables technicians to gain access to circuits under test to perform inservice monitoring in both directions. The test instrument allows for unobtrusive monitoring of Ethernet and Fibre Channel circuits to verify the capability of network elements to support reliable communications. Moreover, the Thru mode allows for monitoring of the traffic in lieu of using a splitter.

Service Disruption Measurement

The FST-2802 enables service providers to measure the service disruption of their Ethernet, Fibre Channel, and IP traffic. This measurement may be used by service providers as a troubleshooting benchmark to verify the network switch-to-protect time on Layer 1, Layer 2, and Layer 3 networks.

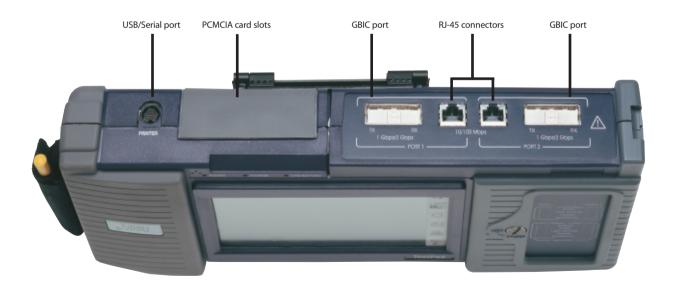


Diagram 4: JDSU FST-2802 Dual Port Configuration

Specifications

General Specifications				
Dimensions	7.5 x 13.5 x 2.2 in			
Weight	5 lb (with battery)			
AC adapter	19 VDC, 2.6 amps/90-240 VAC, 45-60Hz			
Menu Language	English			
Speaker and Microp	hone Built-in			
PC card access	Standard dual PCMCIA interface slots			

Interfaces Ethernet/IP

Flow Control

Modes of Operation

10/100 Mbps	RJ-45 connector
1000 Mbps	GBIC Interface (SX, LX), Copper, 1550 nm
Fibre Channel	
1.0625 Gbps	GBIC Interface
2.125 Gbps	GBIC Interface
Dunlay Modes	Full/Half

Ethernet Traffic Generation

- Constant, Ramp, Bursty
- Configurable Source and Destination MAC Address, Frame Format, Type Field (for DIX), Frame Length (including undersized and Jumbo frames), VLAN ID, VLAN Priority, Frame Payload, Utilization %

Fibre Channel Traffic Generation

- Constant, Ramp, Bursty
- Configurable Buffer Credits
- Configurable Source and Destination ID, Sequence ID,
 Originator ID, Responder ID, Frame Length,
 Utilization %

IP Traffic Generation

- Constant, Ramp, Bursty
- Configurable Source and Destination IP Address,
 Packet Length, Packet Payload, Utilization %
- Configurable VLAN ID, VLAN Priority, TOS/DSCP fields

Ethernet Traffic Filtering

 MAC Source and Destination Address, Frame Type/Length, VLAN ID, VLAN Priority

Fibre Channel Traffic Filtering

Routing Control, Destination and Source Identifier,
 Data Structure Type, Sequence Count

IP Traffic Filtering

 Source and Destination IP Addresses, Subnet Masks, TOS/DSCP fields

Bit Error Testing Patterns

Layer 1 (Unframed) Bit Error Testing Patterns Per IEEE 802.3, 2000 Edition, Annex 36A

- High-frequency test pattern
- Low-frequency test pattern
- Mixed frequency test pattern

Per NCITS TR-25-1999

- Random Data Pattern (RPAT)
- Jitter Tolerance Test Pattern (JTPAT)
- Supply Noise Test Sequence (SPAT)

Layer 2 (Framed) Bit Error Testing Patterns

- PRBS (2²³⁻¹, 2³¹⁻¹, and inverted selections)
- _ All 1

Supported

Terminate, Monitor, Thru

- All Os
- User defined

Framed Pattern Test Per NCITS TR-25-1999

- Long Continuous Random Test Pattern (CRPAT)
- Long Continuous Jitter Test Pattern (CJPAT)
- Long Compliant Supply Noise Pattern (CSPAT)

Key Results

Link Status

- Loss of Signal
- Link Active
- Frame Detected
- VLAN Tagged Frame Detected

Auto-negotiation Status

- Link Configuration ACK
- Link Advertisement Status
- Pause Capable
- Remote Fault

Fibre Channel Login Status

- Login Status
- ELP TX/RX
- ACK TX/RX
- Accept TX/RX
- Reject TX/RX

Link Counts

- Bandwidth Utilization, Frame Rate, TX/RX Mbps, Round Trip Delay, Service Disruption Time
- Total Received and Transmitted Frames/Packets, PAUSE Frames, Lost Frames, Out of Sequence Frames/Packets, VLAN Frames, Unicast Frames/Packets, Multicast Frames/Packets, Broadcast Frames/Packets, Frame Length/Packets (Bins)

Errored Counts

AC-GBIC-LONGHAUL

 Symbol Errors, Code Violations, FCS Errored Frames, Runts, Jabbers, Oversized Frames, Undersized Frames, IP Checksum Errors, JDSU Payload Errors

BER Testing	BER, BER rate		
Packet Testing	In conformance with IETF		
	RFC 1242 RFC 2544 RFC 791		

Ordering Information					
2000-V6	JDSU FST-2000 TestPad				
	User Interface Module (UIM)				
2802-GIGE	FST-2802 1G Ethernet				
	Single Port Mainframe				
2802-DUAL	FST-2802 1G Ethernet				
	Dual Port Mainframe				
2802-ELEC	FST-2802 10/100 Ethernet				
	Single Port Mainframe				
2802-ELEC-DUAL	FST-2802 10/100 Ethernet				
	Dual Port Mainframe				
2802-FE 10/100 Mbps Ethernet C					
(only ava	ailable on 2802-GIGE and 2802-DUAL)				
2802-VLAN	VLAN Option				
2802-IPSW	IP Traffic Option				
2802-1G-FC	Fibre Channel 1.0625 Gbps Option				
2802-2G-FC	Fibre Channel 2.125 Gbps Option				
AC-GBIC-COPPER	Copper GBIC (1000BaseT)				
AC-GBIC-ALLRATE-SX	All Rate MM GBIC (850 nm)				
	(1GigE, 1G, and 2G Fibre Channel)				
AC-GBIC-ALLRATE-LX	All Rate SM GBIC (1310 nm)				

(1GigE, 1G, and 2G Fibre Channel)

Long Haul 1550 nm GBIC



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