

## SUMMARY of RatioTran\* MODELS

The various switch type models of Standard Ratio Transformers have been designed to cover specific applications. Functionally, all models are basically the same. The principal differences are in mechanical construction and such details as the type of switch, number of decades, degree of resolution, maximum input voltage

allowable, form factor and other details sometimes important to the user.

The following table has been prepared, segregating the units into three basic classifications, according to their electrical performance to aid the user in selecting the proper unit for his particular application.

## LOW VOLTAGE, HIGH FREQUENCY GROUP

Maximum input voltage  $0.35 \times F$  (350 volts max.)  $F$ =frequency in cps.

MODEL NO.	SWITCH TYPE	NO. OF DECADES	SIGNIFICANT FIGURES OF RESOLUTION	TYPE OF POTENTIOMETER	REMARKS
RT-1	Push Button	3	6	10 turn	Three decade unit with 10 turn potentiometer. Utilizes push button switches. For low voltage input over wide frequency range. Numbers engraved on push buttons.
RT-2	Push Button	5	5	None	Five decade unit. No potentiometer. For low voltage, wide frequency range use. Numbers engraved on push buttons.
RT-5	Rotary	5	6	1 turn	Five decade unit with one turn potentiometer. Extremely good resolution. Numbers available through window in panel. Most economical and proper instrument where high resolution, high accuracy and wide frequency range is desired.
RT-6	Rotary (Heavy Duty)	5	5	None	Five decade unit. No potentiometer. For low voltage, wide frequency use. Contains heavy duty, rotary switches with numbers on front panel.
RT-7	Rotary (Heavy Duty)	5	6	1 turn	Five decades and one turn potentiometer. Extremely good resolution. For low voltage, wide frequency range use. Numbers on front panel. Heavy duty rotary switches.
RT-10R	Rotary	3	6	10 turn	3½" High Rack Panel. For low voltage, wide frequency range. Low price. Terminals front and rear.
RT-11R	Rotary (Heavy Duty)	5	6	1 turn	3½" High Rack Panel. Terminals front and rear.
RT-12R	Rotary (Heavy Duty)	5	6	1 turn	Militarized version of RT-11R. Glass epon switch insulation. Coils potted in epoxy resin.
RT-13R	Rotary (Heavy Duty)	5	5	None	3½" High Rack Panel. Terminals front and rear.
CRT-1 CRT-4	Coaxial	3	6	10 turn	Three decades with a 10 turn pot. Uses coaxial switches to conserve panel mounting space. For low voltage, high frequency use. Recommended where panel space and weight must be kept to a minimum. Servo mount.
CRT-2-3	Coaxial	3	5	1 turn	Same as CRT-1 except has 1 turn pot.
RRT-1 (302)	Shaft Driven	3	5	Interpolating	A 1000 turn sealed shaft driven unit designed particularly for positioning and calibration applications.
RRT-2 (303)	Shaft Driven	2	4	Interpolating	Same as RRT-1 except 100 turns.
SRT-1 (400)	Remote Sequential Stepping Relays	5	5	None	Uses 24V DC gold contact decade stepping relay switches for remote operation. Readout contacts provided.
BRT-1 (222)	18 bit binary remote relay operated	18 bit 6 octals	$\frac{1}{2^{18}}$	None	18 bit unit arranged in 6 octals. Gold contact relays designed to operate from IBM card or punched tape as a digital to analog converter. 24 V DC.
BRT-2 (309)	Binary to Decimal conversion unit. Remote relay control	3	3	None	Converts binary code to decimal, 3 decade. Contains phase inversion relay and readout contacts. 24 V DC.

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