

## 4. 965 SUBSCRIBER LOOP ANALYZER

### A. Measurements

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
AC Voltage:	0 to 75 VAC	0.1V	0.7V
	75 to 250 VAC	1.0V	3%
DC Voltage:	0 to 100 VDC	0.1V	0.5V
	100 to 350 VDC	1.0V	3%
DC Current:	0 to 100 mA DC (Zin = 430 Ohms)	0.1 mA	0.3 mA
Resistance <sup>1</sup> :	0 to 100M Ohms	100 Ohms @ 50K Ohms	1% @ 50K Ohms
Loss:	-40 to +10 dBm (Zin = 600 Ohms)	0.1 dB 0.2 dB 200 to 5,000 Hz	
Noise Metallic <sup>2</sup> :	10 to 50 dBmC 0 to 10 dBmC (Zin = 600 Ohms)	0.1 dB 0.3 dB	0.5 dB 2.0 dB
Noise to Ground:	40 to 100 dBmC (Zin = 600 ohms)	0.1 dB	0.5 dB
Longitudinal Balance with Tone Option <sup>3</sup> :	62 to 51 dB 51 to 40 dB	0.1 dB 0.1 dB	2.0 dB 1.0 dB
Opens <sup>1, 4</sup> : (normal mode)	0 to 9.99 Kft	10 ft @ 10 Kft	±1%
	10K ft to 100 Kft	100 ft	+1/-10%
Tolerance to Leakage, Normal Mode: >15K Ohm to ground / 190K Ohm to battery			
Opens <sup>1, 4</sup> : (special mode)	0 to 999 ft	1 ft	±1%
	1 Kft to 10 Kft	100 ft @ 10 Kft	+1/-10%
Tolerance to Leakage, Special Mode: >1200 Ohms to ground / 18K Ohms to battery			
Frequency Measurement:	20 to 20,000 Hz	1 Hz	2 Hz
(during Loss, single frequency only)			

## Specifications

### Section 3

#### *Measurements continued...*

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
----------	-------	------------	----------

Ground

Resistance:	0 to 500 Ohms	1 Ohm	3 Ohms
-------------	---------------	-------	--------

Loop and C.O.

Resistance:	0 to 5000 Ohms	1 Ohm	$\pm 10\% + 50 \text{ Ohms}$
-------------	----------------	-------	------------------------------

(read through the REG key assuming on-hook resistance is known)

Caller I.D.

Option: -4 dBm to -32 dBm

- Note:**
- 1 Perform a self-calibration before taking the readings.
  - 2 C-message specifications have an additional frequency-dependent tolerance. Refer to "IEEE Standard 743-1984." The 965 far exceeds these tolerances. For most frequencies the total error is less than 0.7 dB.
  - 3 The optional longitudinal balance function obtains a result in agreement with "IEEE STANDARD 455-1985 Standard Test Procedure for Measuring Longitudinal Balance for Telephone Equipment Operating in the Voice Band" at the specified tolerance for power influence less than approximately 80 dBm. When power influence is above 80 dBm, the test set reverts to a hybrid of the IEEE method and the method of calculating longitudinal balance by taking the difference between power influence and noise metallic.
  - 4 The splits function does not have accuracy tolerances.

### B. Resistance Fault Locate

*Note: Accuracy is dependent on power influence noise; the resistance fault specifications are for low noise situations.*

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy <sup>1,2</sup>
----------	-------	------------	-------------------------

Fault Range:	Up to 30 M Ohms		
--------------	-----------------	--	--

Resistance to Fault: <sup>3</sup>	0 to 9 Ohms	0.01 Ohm	$\pm 0.1\% \text{ RTS}$ $\pm 0.01 \text{ Ohm}$
-----------------------------------	-------------	----------	---

(@ 70° no noise)	10 to 99 Ohms	0.01 Ohm	$\pm 0.1\% \text{ RTS}$ $\pm 0.01 \text{ Ohm}$
------------------	---------------	----------	---

	100 to 999 Ohms	0.1 Ohm	$\pm 0.2\% \text{ RTS}$
	1K to 7K Ohms	1.0 Ohm	$\pm 1.0\% \text{ RTS}$

Resistance to Feet

Conversion

Resolution: <sup>4</sup>	1 ft to 1,000 ft	0.1 ft
	1K ft to 10K ft	1.0 ft
	10K ft to 100K ft	10.0 ft

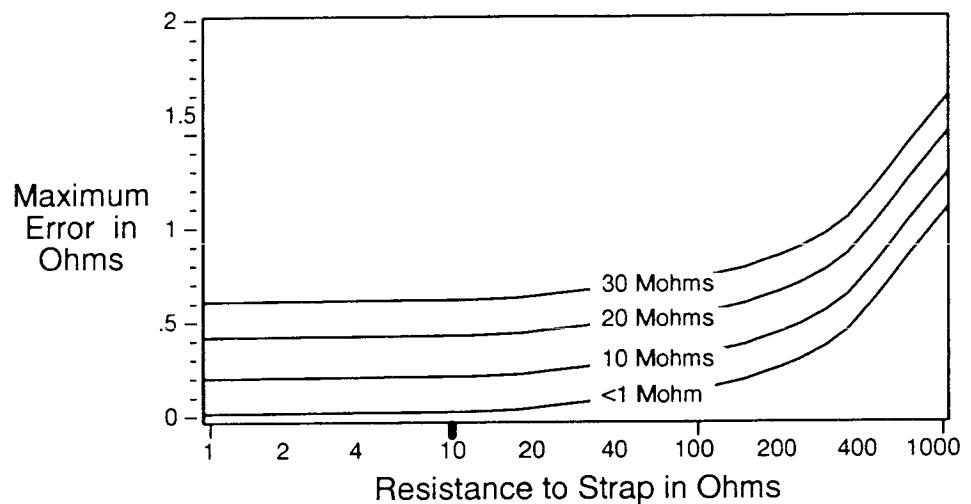
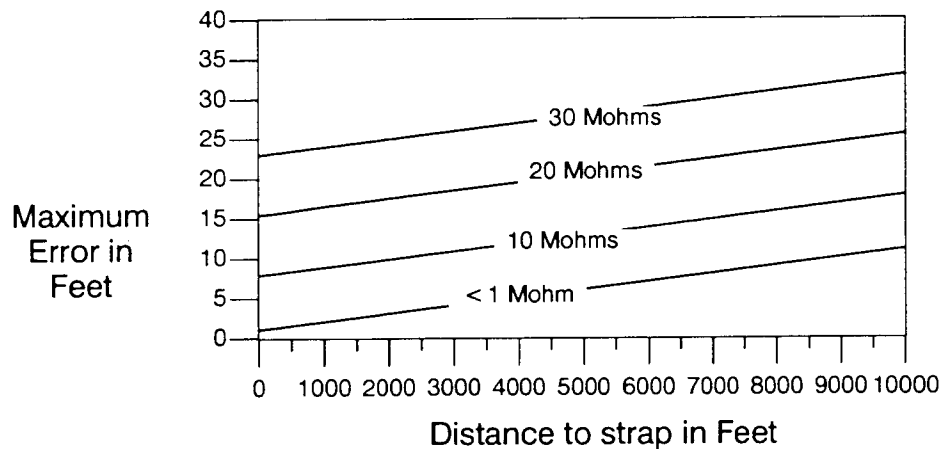
Temperature Sensor:	0° to 140° F	1° F	$\pm 2^\circ \text{ F}$
---------------------	--------------	------	-------------------------

Noise Immunity:	7VAC limit for all frequencies
-----------------	--------------------------------

- Note:**
- 1 See figures next page for accuracies. All resistance to fault measurement accuracies have an added factor of  $(2 \times 10^{-8}) \text{ RF Ohms}$ .

## Section 3

- 2 Single pair hookup measurement accuracy is strictly dependent on whether the reference pair is exactly the same electrical length as the faulted pair. Accuracies are doubled for single pair hookup.
- 3 Accuracy depends on correct temperature setting as well as gauge accuracy of copper. The temperature can be read by the built-in sensor or can be operator-entered.

**Accuracy in Ohms for Various Fault Resistances****Accuracy for 24 Gauge for Various Fault Resistances**

## Specifications

### Section 3

#### C. Outputs

<b>Tones</b>	<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Level</b>	<b>Impedance</b>
Identification:	577.5 Hz	6V PK to PK	100 Ohms (Current limited to 6 mA)
Precision Tones:	404, 1004, 2804 $\pm 1$ Hz	0 dBm $\pm$ 0.2 dB	600 Ohm
Harmonic distortion: <45 dB (up to 10th harmonic)			
User-Entered Tone:			
<b>Frequency Range</b>	<b>Resolution</b>	<b>Frequency Accuracy</b>	<b>Amplitude Accuracy</b>
2 to 100 Hz	$\pm 0.1\%$	$\pm 1\%$	$\pm 1$ dB
100 to 1 KHz	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 1\%$	$\pm 1$ dB
1 KHz to 20 KHz	$\pm 3.0\%$	$\pm 1\%$	$\pm 1$ dB
Harmonic distortion: <45 dB (up to 10th harmonic)			
<b>Dial</b>	<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Remarks</b>	
DTMF:	Standard	100 msec on 100 msec off	
meets CCITT Q.23 Standard for frequency and amplitude i.e. $\pm 1$ Hz @ $-10$ dBm $\pm 1$ dB			
Dial Pulse:	10 pulses per sec	60 msec break 40 msec make 600 msec between digits	R-T

#### D. Environment

	<b>Operation</b>	<b>Storage</b>
Temperature:	0° to +140° F	-40° to 165° F
Humidity:	0 to 100% (condensing)	0 to 100% (condensing)
Altitude:	0 to 15,000 Feet	0 to 40,000 Feet
Shock:	Can withstand a drop onto a wood surface from a distance of approximately four feet	

#### E. Dimensions

<b>Height</b>	7.0 in.
<b>Width</b>	10.5 in.
<b>Depth</b>	7.5 in.
<b>Weight</b>	7.5 lbs
<b>Cord length</b>	5 ft

#### F. Battery Power

The operating time between battery change-out or charges depends on temperature of set and operation modes used.

For non-rechargeable batteries typical operating time is about 200 hours between battery change-out.

For rechargeable batteries typical operating time is about 80 hours between charges.