

### PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Pulse Repetition Rate: 10 MHz to 5000 MHz in a single range.

Droop at 10 MHz is less than 20 %

Rise/falltime (10-90%): see TABLE on page 4

Rise/falltime (20-80%): see TABLE on page 4

Transition Time matching: 20 ps typical at +10 dBm Input Level.

Output Amplitude per Side: 2 V nominal. Both outputs are independent.

Output Amplitude Variation: typically within  $\pm 10$  %.

Output Amplitude Attenuation: 0 db to 19 dB in 1 dB steps with microwave attenuators. Transient waveforms and DC Output Offset voltage unaffected by attenuation setting. Each output attenuator is independent. Digitally displayed output amplitude resolution is 10 mV.

Transient Aberration: 5-15 % typically not including transient aberration of sampling head. The transient aberration can be reduced by lowering the Input Drive Level at some nominal increase in rise/falltime.

DC Output Offset Voltage: plus to minus 5 volts, independent from each output and digitally displayed with 10 mV resolution. The DC Output Offset Voltage is independent from the Output Amplitude Setting even if additional fixed attenuators are added at the Feed-Through joint.

Variable Rise/falltime: by reducing Input Drive Level. It also yields lower transient aberration.

Nominal Input Drive Level: +10 dBm. Max. Input Level: +16 dBm. Input Drive Levels of less than +10 dBm still yields satisfactory performance for sources which cannot provide the full Nominal Input Drive Level.

Trigger Output Level: approx. -7 dBc with respect to the Input Drive Level.

Output Duty Cycle: approximately 50 % for all input frequencies.