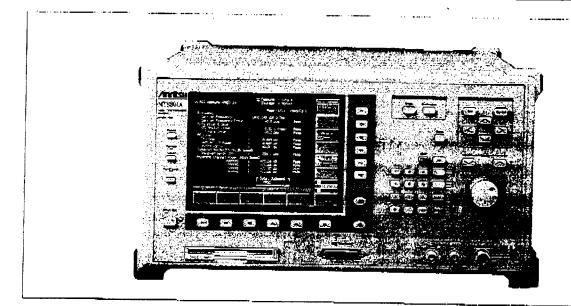
NEW

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RADIO COMMUNICATION ANALYZER MT8801A

300 kHz to 3 GHz



GPIB

The MT8801A can be used to test mobile and base station equipment of PDC or PHS by installing exclusive measurement software options. It incorporates a thermocouple power meter, a transmitter tester, a digital modulation signal generator and a bit error tester, covering the frequency range from 300 kHz to 3 GHz, for efficient and reliable transmission and reception testing.

In transmission tests, Anritsu's unique DSP (digital signal processing) high-speed measurement method has been developed in addition to measurement methods based on RCR and MKK standards. As a result, measurement time is greatly reduced for improved efficiency in production and maintenance.

Occupied bandwidth and adjacent channel power can be measured either by methods conforming to RCR standards and Technical Standard Conformity Certification, or using Anritsu's unique high-speed DSP measurement method.

For RCR standards, a spectrum analyzer is used to determine the occupied bandwidth and adjacent channel power from the burst signal frequency spectrum. In this method, frequency sweeps must be performed slowly to obtain an accurate burst wave spectrum, so measurement apood fails. For example, more than 10 seconds are required when measuring PDC. With Anritsu's unique measurement method, digital signal processing is used to compute the frequency components from a signal burst signal waveform, and the occupied bandwidth and adjacent channel power are computed from the resuits. Measurement time of approx.1 second and less are possible for PDC transmitters.

GPIB and RS-232C interfaces are standard, so MT8801A can be incorporated easily into automated production lines or on-site automated testing systems.

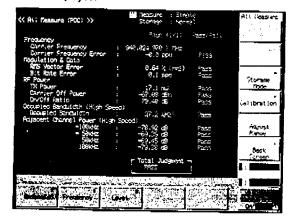
Features

- 1 unit for both PDC and PHS systems
- All basic transmission and reception measurements performed by 1 unit
- Ten transmission tests in approx. 1 second

Transmission test

Batch measurements of transmission test items

Only about 1 second is required to measure all major transmission test items, transmission frequency, modulation accuracy, origin offset, transmission rate, transmission power, leakage power during carrier-off, GO/NO decision of rise/fall edge characteristics with template (limit line), rise/fall time, occupied bandwidth, and adjacent channel power. Pass/fail decisions for limit value of each test item can also be displayed.

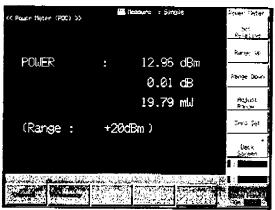


Calibration functions

A built-in thermocouple power sensor is used for calibration, providing accurate measurement of absolute values such as average power during burst-on and leakage power during carrier-off. There is no need for other instruments; Just one press of the CAL key during measurement performs calibration.

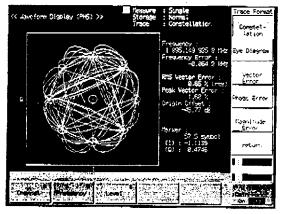
Wide-band power meter

The power meter with built-in thermocouple power sensor can accurately measure power between 0 and +40 dB.



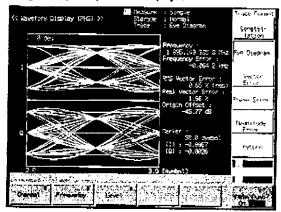
Constellation display functions

The I/Q vector components of measured signals are displayed. The frequency error, RMS/PEAK vector errors, and origin offset can be shown on the same screen.



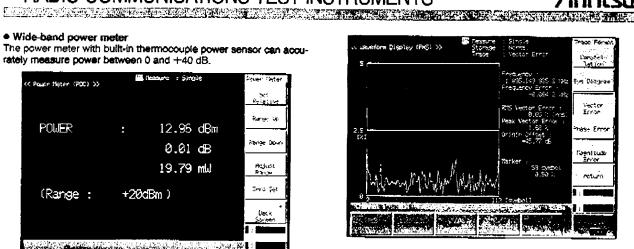
Eyé diagrams

Eye margins at symbol points are displayed.



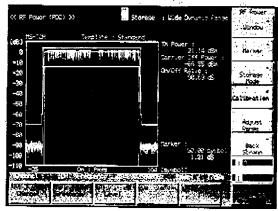
Vector errors at symbols

The vector errors at each symbol points are displayed.



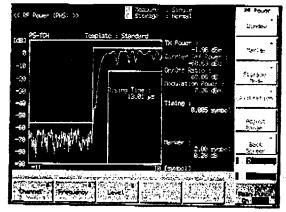
Measurement of antenna power and leakage power during

At measurement of burst signal antenna power, the burst-on section are auto-detected based on the modulated wave, so an external synchronization trigger is not needed. In addition, the average power during burst-on section is automatically matched to a template value, simplifying measurement automation. Any template can be set, and three types can be stored. The leakage power during carrier-off can be measured as either an absolute value or as an on/off ratio. When the carrier-off power is low, measurements can be performed in widedynamic-range mode (during single-mode measurements with synchronizing word).



Wide-dynamio-range mode

 Measurement of antenna power rise/fell edge characteristics Antenna power rise/fall edge characteristics can be measured stmultaneously with antenna power measurements. In addition, the marker points can be moved and the power can be read directly on 1/10 symbol resolution.



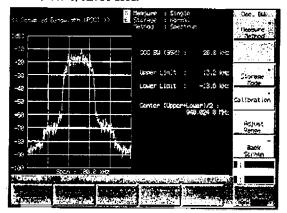
Rise edge characteristics

Measurement of occupied bandwidth

many the grant

The standard measurement mode using the spectrum analyzer method, or the high-speed measurement mode, which reduces measurement time, can be used.

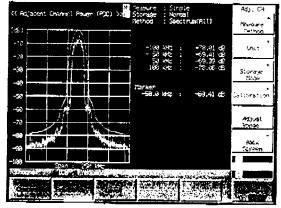
119 11 119



Standard measurement mode

Measurement of adjacent channel power

The standard measurement mode using the spectrum analyzer method, or the high-speed measurement mode, which reduces measurement time, can be used.



Standard measurement mode

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Specifications • MT8801A

Frequency range	300 kHz to 3 GHz
Maximum input level	+40 dBm (10 W): MAIN input, +20 dBm (100 mW): AUX input
Input/output Impedance (MAIN)	50 Q, V\$WR; ≤1.2 (≤2.2 GHz), ≤1.3 (>2.2 GHz)
Input/output connector	N-type (MAIN), TNC-type (AUX)
Reference oscillator	Frequency: 10 MHz Starting characteristics: ≦5 × 10 ⁻⁸ /day (after 10 minutes of warm-up, compared to frequency after 24-hour warm-up) Aging rate: ≤2 × 10 ⁻⁸ /day, ≤1 × 10 ⁻⁷ /year (compared to frequency after 24-hour warm-up) Temperature characteristics: ≤5 × 10 ⁻⁸ (0° to 50°C, compared to frequency at 25°C) External reference input; 10 MHz or 13 MHz (±1 ppm), 2 to 5 Vp-p
Power meter	Frequency range: 300 kHz to 3 GHz Level range: 0 to +40 dBm Measurement accuracy: ±10% (after zero-calibration)

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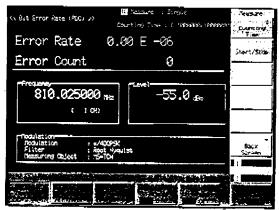
Receiver test

Digital modulation signal generator

The MT8801A has a digital modulation signal generator covering 300 kHz to 3 GHz for reception sensitivity measurement. And the MT8801A has a TDMA system frame structure and modulation patterns for each time slot covering the communication system standards. Modulation pattern for up/down communication channels are provided, and are output at the system required timing by using the trigger input/output signal. Hence the MT8801A can generate the burst signals needed to measure the receiver sensitivity.

Measurement of reception sensitivity

PN9 and PN15 error rates can be measured. The number of measurement bits can be chosen from among 10², 2558, 10³, 10⁴, 10⁵, 10^6 , and ∞ . The number of errors and error rate are displayed. When used with external signal generator for interference signal source, adjacent channel selectivity, intermodulation and other parameter can be measured.



BER measurement

Signal generator	Frequency Range: 300 kHz to \$ GHz Resolution: 1 Hz Accuracy: Reference oscillator accuracy ±10 mHz Output level Setting range: −143 to −28 dBm (MAIN output), −143 to −3 dBm (AUX output) Level accuracy: ±1.5 dB (≥10 MHz, ≥1 GHz, ≥−123 dBm), ±3 dB (≥10 MHz, ≥1 GHz, ≥−133 dBm), ±2 dB (>1 GHz, ≥−123 dBm), ±4 dB (>1 GHz, ≥−133 dBm), ±3 dB (<10 MHz, ≥−28 dBm)
	*At 18 to 28°C Radiated interference: 1 μV/50 Ω (carrier frequency measured, 25 mm from front penel with two-turn 25-mm diameter loop antenna) Signal purity Spurious: ≦−50 dBc (offset frequency of ≥100 kHz and ≤50 MHz, except carrier frequency of 1350 MHz ±50 MHz and 2050 MHz ±50 MHz), ≤−40 dBc (all range) Harmonics: ≤−25 dBc
Others	Display: Color TFT-LCD, 7.8 inches, 640 × 480 dots Hard copy: At external printer via parallel interface (printer: ESC/P compatible printer) GPIB: All functions except power switch controlled by external controller (interface functions: SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0, E2) Parallel interface: Centronics (for printer), D-sub 25-pin connector RS-232C: All functions except power switch controlled by external controller (baud rate: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9200 bos)
Dimensions and mass	221.5H × 426W × 451D mm, ≦22 kg
Power	85 to 132 Vac/170 to 250 Vac (automatic voltage change), 47.5 to 63 Hz, ≤300 VA
Operating temperature	0° to 50°C

Option 11 (PDC messurement software)

Reception measurement	Frequency/modulation measurement	Frequency: 10 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: -5 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) -30 to +15 dBm (average power of burst signal, AUX connector) Carrier frequency measurement accuracy: ± (reference oscillator accuracy + 1 Hz) Modulation accuracy: ±(2% of indicated value + 0.5%) Origin offset accuracy: ±0.5 dB (relative to signal of -30 dBc) Transmission rate Measurement range: 42 kHz ±100 ppm Accuracy: ±1 ppm Waveform display: Constellation disptay
	Amplitude measurement	Frequency range: 10 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: +10 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) Transmission power accuracy: ±10% (MAIN connector, after calibration) Carrier-off power measurement range:
	Occupied bandwidth measurement	Frequency range: 10 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: +10 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) Standard mode: Displays calculation result after signal measured with sweep-type spectrum analyzer High-speed mode: Displays calculation result after FFT of signal measured
	Adjacent channel power measurement	Frequency range: 100 MHz to 2.2 GHz input level range: +10 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) Standard mode: Displays calculation result after signal measured with sweep-type spectrum analyzer High-speed mode: Displays calculation result after analyzing signal (one burst) with spectrum analyzer emulation Measurement range: ≥60 dB (50 kHz offser), ≥65 dB (100 kHz offset)
	Batch measurement function	Measurement item: Transmission frequency, frequency error, modulation accuracy, origin offset, transmission rate, amenna power, leakage power during carrier-off, GO/NO decision of rise/fall edge characteristics with template (limit line), rise/fall time, occupied bandwidth, adjacent channel power Measurement time: \$1.5 s (amplitude measurement: normal mode; occupied bandwidth and leakage power of adjacent channel measurement; high-speed mode). \$2 s (amplitude measurement; wide dynamic range mode; occupied bandwidth and leakage power of adjacent channel measurement; high-speed mode).
	Signal generator	Frequency range: 10 MHz to 3 GHz Level setting range: ~143 to ~28 dBm (MAIN connector), ~143 to ~3 dBm (AUX connector) Modulation system: *\pi 4 DQPSK, \(\alpha = 0.5 \) (root-Nyquist filter) Modulation accuracy: \$\frac{\pi}{\pi}\$ Yerms Burst repetition rate: 20 ms (normal), 40 ms (half rate) *Single burst output in one frame Modulation data At continuous signal output: PNN/PN15 pseudorandom pattern, any 4-bits repetition pattern At burst signal output; Up/down communication channel selectable, edits data within stots
	Елог rate measurement	Function: Sync with signal generator modulation data and measures error rate Measurement pattern; PN9, PN15 Input level: TTL (NRZ) Number of measurement bits: 102, 2556, 103, 104, 105, 104, ∞ Input connector: BNC (rear panel) or DUT interface (front penel, 0-aut) 25-pin connector)

Option 12 (PHS measurement software)

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Transmission aneasurement	Frequency/modulation measurement	Frequency: 10 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: —5 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) —30 to +15 dBm (average power of burst signal, AUX connector) Carrier frequency measurement accuracy: ±(reference oscillator accuracy +10 Hz) Modulation accuracy: ±(2% of indicated value +0.7%) Origin offset accuracy: ±0.5 dB (relative to signal of —30 dBc) Transmission rate Measurement range: 384 kHz ±100 ppm Accuracy: ±1 ppm Waveform display: Constellation display
	Amplitude measurement	Frequency range: 10 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: +10 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) Transmission power accuracy: ±10% (MAIN connector, after calibration) Carrier-off power measurement range: ≥55 dB (normal mode, compared to average power of burst signal) ≥69 dB (wide dynamic range mode, compared to average power of burst signal: 80 mW) + Measured limit determined by average noise level (≤−50 dBm, 100 MHz to 2.2 GHz) Rise/fall edge characteristics: Displays waveform while synchronizing modulation data to measured signal, displays limit line, measures rise/fall edge time (measured at 1 MHz bandwidth) Transmission timing PS: Measures duration of CS, PS unique word send interval (capable of working with CS or signal generator equivalent to CS) CS: Measures slot send interval time
	Occupied bandwidth measurement	Frequency range: 10 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: +10 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) Standard mode: Displays calculation result after signal measured with sweep-type spectrum analyzer High-speed mode: Displays calculation result after FFT of measured signal
	Adjacent channel power	Frequency range: 100 MHz to 2.2 GHz Input level range: +10 to +40 dBm (average power of burst signal, MAIN connector) Standard mode: Displays calculation result after signal measured with sweep-type spectrum analyzer High-speed mode: Displays calculation result after analyzing signal (one burst) with spectrum analyzer emulation Measurement range: ≥60 dB (600 kHz offset), ≥65 dB (900 kHz offset)
	Batch measurement functions	Measurement item: Transmission frequency, frequency error, modulation accuracy, origin offset, transmission rate, enterine power, leekage power during carrier-off, GO/NO decision of rise/fell edge characteristics with template (limit line), rise/fail time, occupied bandwidth, adjacent channel power Measurement time: \$1.5 \text{ (amplitude measurement; normal mode; occupied bandwidth and adjacent channel power measurement; high-speed mode), \$\frac{1}{2} (amplitude measurement; wide dynamic range mode; occupied bandwidth and leakage power of adjacent channel measurement; high-speed mode)
Reception measurement	Signal generator	Frequency range: 10 MHz to 3 GHz Level setting range: -143 to -28 dBm (MAIN connector), -143 to -3 dBm (AUX connector) Modulation system: #/4 DQPSK, #=0.5 (root-Nyquist fifter) Modulation accuracy: \$396-ms Burst repetition rate: 5 ms (frame period, single burst output in one frame) Modulation date At continuous signel output: PN9/PN15 pseudorandom pattern, any 4-bits repetition pattern At burst signal output: Up/down communication channel selectable, edits data within slots *Scramble function on/off and scramble code setting
	Error rate measurement	Function: Sync with signal generator modulation data and measures error rate Measurement pattern: PN9, PN15 Input level: TTL (NRZ) Number of measurement bits: 10 ² , 2558, 10 ³ , 10 ⁴ , 105, 106, \Leftrightarrow Input connector: BNC (rear panel) or DUT interface (front panel, D-sub 25-pin connector)

Ordering information

Please specify model/order number, name and quantity when ordering.

Model/Order No.	Name	
MT8801A	Main frame Radio Communication Analyzer	
105705	Standard socessories	
J0576B	Coaxial cord, N-P-5D-2W-N-P, 1 m;	1 pc
J0768	Costal adapter, N-J-TNC-P:	2 pcs
	Power cord:	1 pc
F0014	Fuse, 6,3 A:	2 pcs
W1106AE	MT8801A operation manual:	1 сору
MT8801A-11 MT8801A-12	Options Measurement software (for PDC) Measurement software (for PHS)	.,
	Peripherals	
M\$8604A	Digital Mobile Radio Transmitter Tester	
MD1620C	Signalling Tester	
MD6420A	Data Transmission Analyzer	
M\$2602A	Spectrum Analyzer	
MG3670B	Digital Modulation Signal Generator	

Model/Order No.	Name
J0127C J0769 J0040 MN1607A MA1612A J0395 J0007 J0008 B0329D B0331 D B0332 80333D 80334D	Optional accessories Coaxial cord, BNC-P-RG-58A/U-BNC-P, 0.5 m Coaxial adapter, BNC-J-TNC-P Coaxial Sapier, BNC-J-TNC-P Coaxial Coaxial Sapier, BNC-P Coaxial Coaxial Sapier, BNC-J-TNC-P Coaxial Sapier, BNC-J-TNC