

61778, 6181B

$6186 B$
outpur permits the supplies to be used for measurement of dynamic or incremental impedance of circuit components.

## Specifications

Load regulation: less than 25 ppm of output +s ppm of range swith setting for a load change which causes the output voltage to vary from zero to maximum.

Line regulation: less than 25 ppm of output +5 ppm of range switch setting for a $10 \%$ change in the line vollage.

Load transient recovery time: Less than $200 \mu$ s for output current recovery to within $1 \%$ of the nominal output current following a full load change in ourput voltage.

Temperature coetficient: output change per degree $C$ is less than 75 ppm of output current +5 ppm of range switch serting.

Stabllty: less than 100 ppm of output current +25 ppm of range switch setting after 1 hour warmup.

Resolution: $0.02 \%$ of range switch setting.
Temperature: operating, 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; storage, -40 to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Dimensions:
6177B, 6181日: $73 / 4$ " wide, $3.7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ high, $123 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ deep. 6186B: $73 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $6.7 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ high, $123 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ deep.

Welght:
6177B, 6181B: 10 lbs net, 13 lbs shipping 6196B: 13 lbs net, 17 lbs shipping.

## Options

014: three digit graduated decadial current control, add $\$ 35$ 028: $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac}, \mathrm{(Models} \mathrm{6177B} \mathrm{and} \mathrm{6181B} \mathrm{only)} \mathrm{add} \$ 10.$,

These solid-state constant-current sources have excellent ripple, regulation, drift, and ourput impedance characteristics, making them ideal for semiconductor circuit development, component testing, and precision electroplating applications.
In addition, the high-speed remote programming characteristics lend these supplies to diverse applications, such as testing and sorting of semiconductors, resistors, relays, meters, etc. The capability of superimposing ac modulation on the dc

| Moded |  |  | 67778 | 61818 | 61868 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Curient |  |  | 0-500 mA | 0-250 me | 0-100 mA |
| Voltage Compliance |  |  | $0-50 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | $0-100 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | $0-300 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| Output Ranges |  | A | 0-5 mA | $0-2.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 0-1 mA |
|  |  | 8 | 0-50 mA | 0-25 mA | 0-10 mA |
|  |  | C | 0-500 mA | 0-250 mA | $0-100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| AC ingut |  |  | $115 \mathrm{Vac}=10 \% \% 48-63 \mathrm{~Hz}$; $0.6 \mathrm{~A}, 55 \mathrm{~W}$ at 115 Vac <br> For 230 Vac see Option 028 | $115 \mathrm{Vac} \pm 10 \%, 48-63 \mathrm{~Hz} ;$ $0.6 \mathrm{~A}, 55 \mathrm{~W}$ at 115 Vac <br> For 230 Vac see Option 028 | $115 / 230 \mathrm{Vac}, 48-63 \mathrm{~Hz}$ 0.9 A, 90 W at 115 Vac 115/230 Vac switch |
| Constant Current <br> Remote <br> Programming | Voltage Control (Accuracy: $0.5 \%$ of output current $+.04 \%$ of range) | Range A | $200 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{mA}$ |
|  |  | Range 8 | $20 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{mA}$ |
|  |  | Range C | $2 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $100 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$ |
|  | Resistance Control (Accuracy: 1\% of output control $+.04 \%$ of range) | Range A | $400 \mathrm{ohms} / \mathrm{mA}$ | 2 K ohms/mA | $10 \mathrm{Kohms} / \mathrm{mA}$ |
|  |  | Range B | 40 ohms/mA | $200 \mathrm{ohms} / \mathrm{mA}$ | 1 K ohm/mA |
|  |  | Range C | $40 \mathrm{hms} / \mathrm{mA}$ | $20 \mathrm{hms} / \mathrm{mA}$ | 100 ohms/mA |
| Voltage Limit Remote Programming | Voltage Control (Accuracy: 20\%) |  | $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V}$ | IV/V | $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  | Resistance Control |  | 870 ohms/ N | 440 ohms/V | $820 \mathrm{ahms} / \mathrm{V}$ |
|  | Accuracy |  | 20\% | 20\% | 15\% |
| Output Impadance ( R in parallel with C )* |  | Range A | $\mathrm{R}=330 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=500 \mathrm{pF}$ | $\mathrm{R}=1330 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=10 \mathrm{pF}$ | $\mathrm{R}=10,000 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=900 \mathrm{pF}$ |
|  |  | Range 8 | $R=33 \mathrm{Meg} . \mathrm{C}=0.005 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | $\mathrm{R}=133 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=100 \mathrm{pF}$ | $\mathrm{R}=1,000$ Meg. $\mathrm{C}=700 \mathrm{pF}$ |
|  |  | Range C | $\mathrm{R}=3.3 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=0.05 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | $\mathrm{R}=13.3 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=1000 \mathrm{pF}$ | $\mathrm{R}=100 \mathrm{Meg}, \mathrm{C}=1500 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| Ripple and Noise: Ims/p-p (dc to 20 MHz ) <br> Eilher output terminal can be grounded |  | Range A | $0.40 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ rms/ $/ \mu \mathrm{A} \mathrm{P} \cdot \mathrm{p}$ | $0.20 \mu \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{mms} / 0.5 \mu \mathrm{~A} \rho-\mathrm{p}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{~ms} / 2 \mu \mathrm{~A} \rho-\mathrm{D}$ |
|  |  | Range B | $4.0 \mu \mathrm{Arms} / 40 \mu \mathrm{~A} p \cdot \rho$ | $2.0 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{ms} / 7.5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ D-D | $0.5 \mu \mathrm{Arms} / 25 \mu \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{p}-\mathrm{D}$ |
|  |  | Range C | $40 \mu \mathrm{Arms} / 250 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ P-P | $20 \mu$ A rms $/ 100 \mu$ A p-p | $5 \mu \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{rms} / 500 \mu \mathrm{~A} p-\mathrm{o}$ |
| Programming Speed: from 0 to $99 \%$ of range switch setting with a resistive load. **(Output Current Modulation) |  |  | $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | $500 \mu 5$ | 1 ms |
| Meter Ranges (Accuracy 2\% of full scale) |  |  | 6, $60,600 \mathrm{~mA}: 60 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | 3, 30, $300 \mathrm{~mA} ; 120 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | 1.2, 12, $120 \mathrm{~mA} ; 360 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| Price |  |  | $\$ 475$ | \$475 | \$600 |

*This network is a simpliffed representation of a complex network. The formula $Z=R X_{c} / \sqrt[1]{R^{2}+X_{c}}{ }^{1}$ is used for frequencies up lo 1 MHz by substiluting the values given for $R$ and $C$. Above 1 MHz , the output impedance is greater than the lormula would indicala-load uansieni overhools are less than $20 \%$ of range selling for a full load change with a $I_{\mu}$ sec. rise time.
*Output current can be modulated $100 \%$ up 10100 Hz ; Dercent moduation desreases linearly to $10 \%$ al 1000 Hz . POWER SUPPLIES

Options are customer-requested, factory-performed modifications to standard instruments. A list of all options available on Hewlett-Packard ds power supplies is given below. To determine which options ace available for a particular supply, refer to the appropriate product page.

## Options

001: $208 \mathrm{Vac} \pm 10 \%$, 3-phase input, 57.63 Hz , no charge.
002: 230 V ac $\pm 10 \%$, 3 -phase input, 57.63 Hz , no charge,
003: $460 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac} \pm 10 \%$, 3 -phase input, 57.63 Hz .6464 C , 6466C, 6469C, 6472C, 6475C, 6477C, 6479C. 6483C, $\$ 200$; all other models, no charge.
005: 50 Hz ac input. $6110 \mathrm{~A}, 6516 \mathrm{~A}, 950.6453 \mathrm{~A}, 6456 \mathrm{~B}$, $6459 \mathrm{~A}, 712 \mathrm{C}, \$ 25.6464 \mathrm{C}, 6466 \mathrm{C}, 6469 \mathrm{C}, 6472 \mathrm{C}$, $6475 \mathrm{C}, 6477 \mathrm{C}, 6479 \mathrm{C}, 6483 \mathrm{C}$, no charge; all other models, $\$ 10$.
005/011: internal overvoltage protection crowbar. Refer to product pages for prices.
007: ten-turn output voltage control. $6205 \mathrm{~B}, 6227 \mathrm{~B}, 6228 \mathrm{~B}$, 6253A, 6255A, \$50; all orher models. \$25.
008: ten-turn output current control. 6227B, 62288, 6253A, $6255 \mathrm{~A}, \$ 50$; all other models, $\$ 25$.
009: ten-turn output voltage and current controls. Consists of Options 007 and 008 on same instrument. 6227 B , $6228 \mathrm{~B}, 6253 \mathrm{~A}, 6255 \mathrm{~A}, \$ 90$; all other models, $\$ 45$.
010: chassis slides. Attached to supply at factory. 6253 A , $6255 \mathrm{~A}, 6427 \mathrm{~B}, 6428 \mathrm{~B}, 6433 \mathrm{~B}, 6434 \mathrm{~B}, 6438 \mathrm{~B}, 6439 \mathrm{~B}$, $6443 \mathrm{~B}, 6448 \mathrm{~B}, \$ 125.6453 \mathrm{~A}, 6456 \mathrm{~B}, 6459 \mathrm{~A}, \$ 195$; all other models. $\$ 50$.
013: three-digit graduated decadial voltage control. Includes single 10 -turn control. $6205 \mathrm{~B}, 6227 \mathrm{~B}, 6228 \mathrm{~B}, 6253 \mathrm{~A}$, 6255A, $\$ 120,6207 \mathrm{~B}, 6209 \mathrm{~B}, 6220 \mathrm{~B}, 6224 \mathrm{~B}, 6226 \mathrm{~B}$, $6294 \mathrm{~A}, 6299 \mathrm{~A}, 6515 \mathrm{~A} . \$ 35$; all other models, $\$ 60$.
014: three-digit graduated decadial current control. Includes single 10 -turn control. $6227 \mathrm{~B}, 6228 \mathrm{~B}, 6253 \mathrm{~A}, 6255 \mathrm{~A}$, $\$ 120.6220 \mathrm{~B}, 6224 \mathrm{~B}, 6266 \mathrm{~B}, \$ 35$; all other models, $\$ 60$.
016: $115 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac} \pm 10 \%$, l-phase input. Factory modification replaces 230 V transformer with 115 V transformer, $\$ 75$.
017: $208 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac} \pm 10 \%$, 1 -phase input. Modification replaces 115 or 230 V transformer with 208 V transformer, 575.
018: $230 \mathrm{Vac} \pm 10 \%$, 1 -phase input. Modification replaces 115 V transformer with 230 V transformer. 6110A, 6282A, 6285A, 6286A, 6290A, 6291A, 6296A, 6516A, \$50; all other models, $\$ 75$.
020: voltage programming adjust. Allows the voltage programming coefficient and zero output voltage to be adjusted via an access hole in the rear panel, $\$ 25$.
021: current programming adjust. Allows the current programming coefficient and zero output current to be adjusted via an access hole in the rear panel, $\$ 25$.
022: voltage and current programming adjusts. Consists of Options 020 and 021 on same instrument, $\$ 45$.
023: rack kit for mounting one 6464C-6483C supply in standard 19" rack, \$25.
026: $115 \mathrm{Vac} \pm 10 \%$, single phase input. Factory modification reconnects power transformer (and other components where necessary) for 115 V operation, $\$ 10$.
027: 208 V ac $\pm 10 \%$, single phase input. Factory modifica-
tion reconnects power transformer (and other components where necessary) for 208 V operation. 6259 B , $6260 \mathrm{~B}, 6261 \mathrm{~B}, 6268 \mathrm{~B}, 6269 \mathrm{~B}, \$ 15$; all other models, $\$ 10$.
028: 230 V ac $\pm 10 \%$, single phase input. Factory modification reconnects power transformer (and other components where necessary) for 230 V operation, $\$ 10$.
031: $380 \mathrm{Vac} \pm 10 \%$, 3 -phase input, $57.63 \mathrm{~Hz}, \$ 275$.
032: $400 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac} \pm 10 \%$, 3.phase input, $57.63 \mathrm{~Hz}, \$ 275$.
040: interfacing for multiprogrammer operation. Prepares standard Hewlett-Packard supplies for resistance programming by the 6940A Multiprogrammer or 6941A Extender. $6220 \mathrm{~B}, 6224 \mathrm{~B}, 6226 \mathrm{~B}, 6256 \mathrm{~B}, 6259 \mathrm{~B}, 6260 \mathrm{~B}$, $6261 \mathrm{~B}, 6263 \mathrm{~B}, 6264 \mathrm{~B}, 6265 \mathrm{~B}, 6266 \mathrm{~B}, 6267 \mathrm{~B}, 6268 \mathrm{~B}$, $6269 \mathrm{~B}, 6271 \mathrm{~B}, 6274 \mathrm{~B}, \$ 60 ; 6101 \mathrm{~A}, 6102 \mathrm{~A}, 6111 \mathrm{~A}$, $6112 \mathrm{~A}, 6113 \mathrm{~A}, \$ 30$.

## Accessories

14513A: rack kit for mounting one $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, half rack ( $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide) supply, $\$ 20$.
14515A: rack kit for mounting one $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high, half rack ( $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide) supply, $\$ 23$.
14525À: rack kit for mounting two $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high. half rack ( $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide) supplies, $\$ 12$.
14523A: rack kit for mounting two $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, half rack ( $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide) supplies, $\$ 10$.
14521A: rack kit for three 6211A-6118A supplies, $\$ 25$.
Option s01: rack kit for mounting two 6211A-6218A supplies (includes one fíler panel), $\$ 3 \mathrm{~s}$.
Option J02: rack kit for mounting one 6211A-6218A supply (includes two filler panels), \$35.
6950A, Optlon J47: filler panel for one 6211A-6218A supply. Used with rack kit 14521A, \$10.
14545A: set of 4 casters for one 6464 C 16483 C supply, $\$ 35$.

## Specifications definitions

Load regulation: voltage load regulation is given for a load current change equal to the current rating of the supply. Current load regulation is given for a load voltage change equal to the voltage rating of the supply.
Line regulation: given for a $10 \%$ change in line voltage at any output voltage and current within rating.
Ripple and noise: stated as $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}$ ( $\alpha c$ to 20 MHz ), at any line voltage and under any load condition within rating.
Temperature coefficient: output change per degree Centigrade change in ambient following 30 minutes warm-up.
stability: total drift in output over 8 hour interval under constant line, load, and ambient after 30 min. warm-up.
Resolution: minimum outpot voltage or current change that can be obtained using front panel controls.
Output impedance (typical): represented by a resistance in series with an inductance (values in spec tables).
Load transient vecovery: time required for output voltage recovery to within specified level of nominal output voltage following a change in output current equal to current rating of the supply or 5 amps, whichever is smaller.
Programming speed: typical time required to non-repetitively program from zero to within $99.9 \%$ of the maximum rated output voltage, or from the maximum rated output voltage to within $0.1 \%$ of that voltage above zero.

