16452A Liquid Dielectric Test Fixture



 $\label{terminal connector: 4-Terminal Pair, SMA} \textbf{Dimensions (approx.): } 85(H) \ x \ 85(W) \ x \ 37(D) \ [mm]$

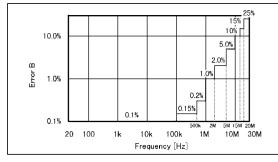
Weight (approx.): 1400 g

Measurement Accuracy: A + B + C [%]

Electrode gap (mm)	A (%)
0.3	$0.005 \times M.R.P$
0.5	$0.006 \times M.R.P$
1.0	$0.008 \times M.R.P$
2.0	$0.020 \times M.R.P$

M.R.P is Measurement Relative Permittivity

Error B [%]



Error C [%] = Measurement Error of Instrument



4284A with 16452A

Description: This test fixture provides accurate dielectric constant and impedance measurements of liquid materials. The 16452A employs the parallel plate method, which sandwiches the liquid material between two electrodes to form a capacitor. A LCR meter or an impedance analyzer is then used to measure the capacitance created from the fixture.

Applicable Instruments: 4263B, 4284A*, 4285A, E4980A, (4294A)**

* denotes the instrument is obsolete.

** applicable in a limited frequency range.

Frequency: 20 Hz to 30 MHz

Operating Temperature: -20°C to 125°C

Maximum Voltage: 30 Vrms

Material Capacity: Required sample liquid capacity depends on the gap of the electrodes.

Gap of electrodes	0.3 mm	0.5 mm	1 mm	2 mm
Air capacitance	34.9 pF	$21.2~\mathrm{pF}$	10.9 pF	$5.5~\mathrm{pF}$
	±25%	±15%	±10%	±10%
Sample liquid capacity	3.4 ml	3.8 ml	4.8 ml	$6.8 \mathrm{ml}$
Applicable frequency	20 Hz – 30 MHz			



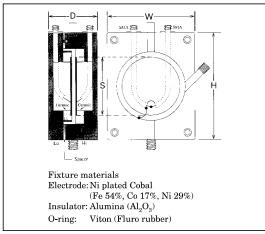
Furnished Accessories:

Description	P/N	Qty.	
Shorting Plate	16092-08010	1	Е
O-ring for Liquid Outlet	0905-1277	1	D
Spacer (1.3 mm thickness)	16452-00601	1	F
Spacer (1.5 mm thickness)	16452-00602	1	F
Spacer (2.0 mm thickness)	16452-00603	1	F
Spacer (3.0 mm thickness)	16452-00604	1	F
Lid of Liquid Outlet	16452-24002	1	G
SMA-BNC Adapter	1250-1200	4	Η
Waterproof Cap for BNC Connector	1252-5831	4	Ι
Carrying Case	16452-60111	1	_
Operation and Service Manual	16452-90020	1	-
Angle Iron of Stand Body for Fixture Stand	16452-01201	2	_
Screw of Stand Body for Fixture Stand	0515-0914	4	С
Screw for Fixture Stand	0515-0914	4	-
Electrode (High and Low)	NA	2	A,B

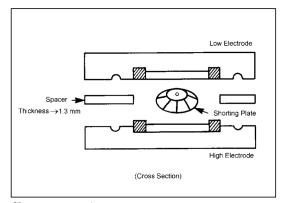
Requires the following interface cables to connect to a measurement instrument. Select accordingly to the required temperature conditions.

Temperature	Model# or P/N	Cable length (approx.)
0°C to 55°C	16048A	0.94 m
–20°C to 125°C	16452-61601	1 m
−20°C to 150°C	16048G* for 4294A only	1 m
−20°C to 150°C	16048H* for 4294A only	2m

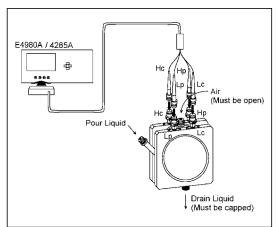
^{*} Four BNC(m) to BNC(m) adapters (P/N 1250-0216) are needed to connect the 16048G/H and 16452A.



Test fixture overview



Short compensation



Method of connection

Compensation and Measurement: Short compensation is recommended in combination with the cable length compensation before measurement. First, set the instrument's cable length compensation function to 1 m. Then, short compensation is performed by using the furnished shorting plate. Open compensation is not performed, but its values are used in the dielectric constant equation as shown below:

$$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = \alpha \left(\frac{\rm Cp}{\rm Co} - j \frac{1}{\omega \, {\rm CoRp}} \right)$$

α: Correction coefficient

 ϵ_{r} : Relative dielectric constant

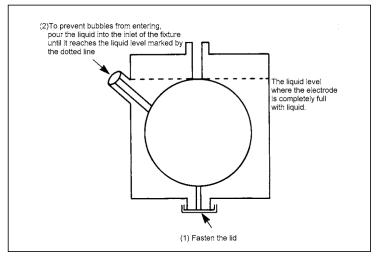
Cp: Liquid capacitance (measurement data)

Co: Air capacitance (measurement data) or open compensation data

Rp: Equivalent parallel resistance (measurement data)

 ω : Angular frequency (ω =2 π f)

The following figures below show how compensation and measurement is performed.



Pouring the liquid into the fixture

Note: the 16452A is not capable of measuring salt or ionic solutions or other liquids with bulk conductivity due to the electrode polarization phenomenon.

Agilent is not responsible for any damage (e.g., corrosion, smear) to the 16452A caused by the reaction between the liquid under test and the 16452A.



16452-61601 Test leads