

# Environmental Requirements

Table 2-1 Environmental Requirements

Parameter	Limits
Temperature	
Operating <sup>a</sup>	+20 °C to +26 °C
Storage	−40 °C to +75 °C
Error-corrected range <sup>b</sup>	± 1 °C of measurement calibration temperature
Relative humidity	Type tested, 0% to 95% at 40 °C, non-condensing

- a. The temperature range over which the calibration standards maintain conformance to their specifications.
- b. The allowable network analyzer ambient temperature drift during measurement calibration and during measurements when the network analyzer error correction is turned on. Also, the range over which the network analyzer maintains its specified performance while correction is turned on.

## Temperature—What to Watch Out For

Changes in temperature can affect electrical characteristics. Therefore, the operating temperature is a critical factor in performance. During a measurement calibration, the temperature of the calibration devices must be stable and within the range shown in [Table 2-1](#).

**IMPORTANT** Avoid unnecessary handling of the devices during calibration because your fingers are a heat source.

## Mechanical Characteristics

Mechanical characteristics such as center conductor protrusion and pin depth are *not* performance specifications. They are, however, important supplemental characteristics related to electrical performance. Agilent Technologies verifies the mechanical characteristics of the devices in the kit with special gaging processes and electrical testing. This ensures that the device connectors do not exhibit any center conductor protrusion or improper pin depth when the kit leaves the factory.

"Gaging Connectors," on page 3-17 explains how to use gages to determine if the kit devices have maintained their mechanical integrity. Refer to Table 2-2 on page 2-4 for typical and observed pin depth limits.

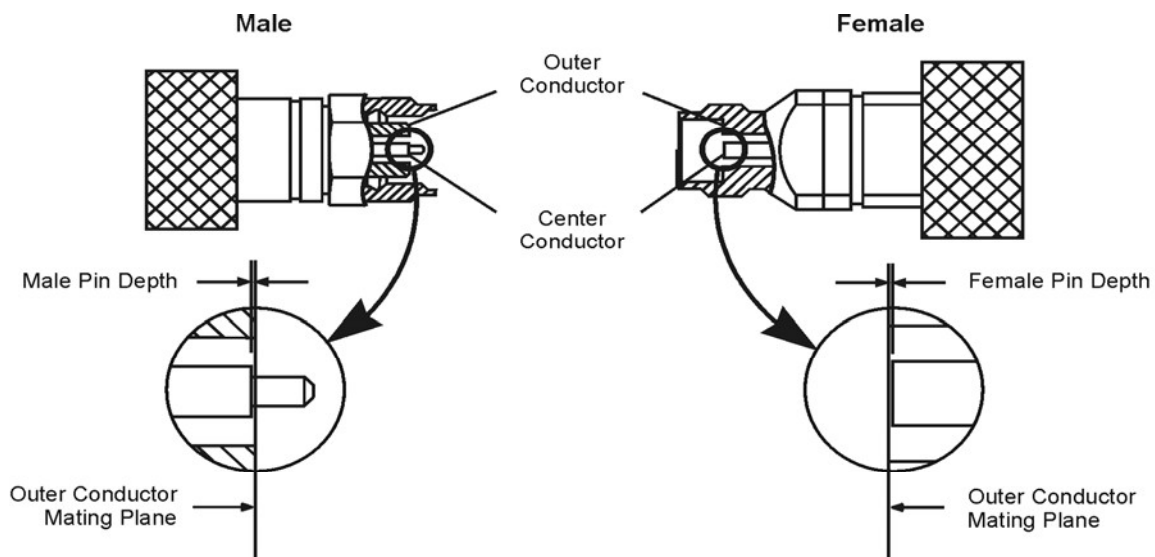
### Pin Depth

Pin depth is the distance the center conductor mating plane differs from being flush with the outer conductor mating plane. See Figure 2-1. The pin depth of a connector can be in one of two states: either protruding or recessed.

**Protrusion** is the condition in which the center conductor extends beyond the outer conductor mating plane. This condition will indicate a positive value on the connector gage.

**Recession** is the condition in which the center conductor is set back from the outer conductor mating plane. This condition will indicate a negative value on the connector gage.

**Figure 2-1 Connector Pin Depth**



ph78a

The pin depth value of each calibration device in the kit is not specified, but is an important mechanical parameter. The electrical performance of the device depends, to some extent, on its pin depth. The electrical specifications for each device in the kit take into account the effect of pin depth on the device's performance. [Table 2-2](#) lists the typical pin depths and measurement uncertainties, and provides observed pin depth limits for the devices in the kit. If the pin depth of a device does not measure within the *observed* pin depth limits, it may be an indication that the device fails to meet electrical specifications. Refer to [Figure 2-1 on page 2-3](#) for a visual representation of proper pin depth (slightly recessed).

**Table 2-2 Pin Depth Limits**

Device	Typical Pin Depth	Measurement Uncertainty <sup>a</sup>	Observed Pin Depth Limits <sup>b</sup>
Opens	0 to -0.0127 mm 0 to -0.00050 in	+0.0030 to -0.0030 mm +0.00012 to -0.00012 in	+0.0030 to -0.0157 mm +0.00012 to -0.00062 in
Shorts	0 to -0.0127 mm 0 to -0.00050 in	+0.0015 to -0.0015 mm +0.00006 to -0.00006 in	+0.0015 to -0.0142 mm +0.00006 to -0.00056 in
Fixed loads	-0.0025 to -0.0203 mm -0.00010 to -0.00080 in	+0.0030 to -0.0030 mm +0.00012 to -0.00012 in	+0.0005 to -0.0234 mm +0.00002 to -0.00092 in
Sliding loads	0 to -0.0127 mm 0 to -0.00050 in	+0.0015 to -0.0015 mm +0.00006 to -0.00006 in	+0.0015 to -0.0142 mm +0.00006 to -0.00056 in
Adapters (2.4 to 2.4)	0 to -0.0381 mm 0 to -0.00150 in	+0.0030 to -0.0030 mm +0.00012 to -0.00012 in	+0.0030 to -0.0411 mm +0.00012 to -0.00162 in
Adapters (2.4 to 2.92) <sup>c</sup>	0 to -0.0381 mm 0 to -0.00150 in	+0.0030 to -0.0030 mm +0.00012 to -0.00012 in	+0.0030 to -0.0411 mm +0.00012 to -0.00162 in

- Approximately +2 sigma to -2 sigma of gage uncertainty based on studies done at the factory according to recommended procedures.
- Observed pin depth limits are the range of observation limits seen on the gage reading due to measurement uncertainty. The depth could still be within specifications.
- The 2.4 mm to 2.92 mm adapters require a 3.5 mm connector gage to measure the 2.92 mm end. Refer to [Table 6-2 on page 6-4](#) for Agilent part numbers and ordering information.

## Electrical Specifications

The electrical specifications in [Table 2-3](#) apply to the devices in your calibration kit when connected with an Agilent precision interface.

**Table 2-3 Electrical Specifications for 85056K Calibration Kit**

Device	Specification	Frequency (GHz)
Broadband loads (male and female)	Return loss $\geq 42$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.00794$ ) Return loss $\geq 34$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.01995$ ) Return loss $\geq 30$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.03162$ ) Return loss $\geq 26$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.05019$ )	dc to $\leq 4$ > 4 to $\leq 20$ > 20 to $\leq 26.5$ > 26.5 to $\leq 50$
Sliding loads <sup>a,b</sup> (male and female)	Return loss $\geq 42$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.00794$ ) Return loss $\geq 40$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.01000$ ) Return loss $\geq 38$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.01259$ ) Return loss $\geq 36$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.01585$ )	4 to $\leq 20$ > 20 to $\leq 36$ > 36 to $\leq 40$ > 40 to $\leq 50$
Adapters (2.4 mm to 2.4 mm)	Return loss $\geq 32$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.02512$ ) Return loss $\geq 30$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.03162$ ) Return loss $\geq 25$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.05623$ ) Return loss $\geq 20$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.10000$ )	dc to $\leq 4$ > 4 to $\leq 26.5$ > 26.5 to $\leq 40$ > 40 to $\leq 50$
Adapters <sup>c</sup> (2.4 mm to 2.92 mm)	Return loss $\geq 24$ dB ( $\rho \leq 0.06310$ )	dc to $\leq 40$
Offset opens <sup>d</sup> (male and female)	$\pm 0.5^\circ$ deviation from nominal $\pm 1.25^\circ$ deviation from nominal $\pm 1.75^\circ$ deviation from nominal $\pm 2.25^\circ$ deviation from nominal	dc to $\leq 2$ > 2 to $\leq 20$ > 20 to $\leq 40$ > 40 to $\leq 50$
Offset shorts <sup>d</sup> (male and female)	$\pm 0.5^\circ$ deviation from nominal $\pm 1.25^\circ$ deviation from nominal $\pm 1.5^\circ$ deviation from nominal $\pm 2.0^\circ$ deviation from nominal	dc to $\leq 2$ > 2 to $\leq 20$ > 20 to $\leq 40$ > 40 to $\leq 50$

a. For Option 001 only <see more footnotes on the following page>.

- b. Assuming proper usage, the residual return loss after calibration specifications for the sliding load termination includes the quality of the airline portions within the sliding load, combined with the effective stability of the sliding element. Proper usage includes the following practices: (1) *Connector mating surfaces are clean*; (2) *The changes in slide positioning are NOT done in equal steps — equal steps results in very poor calibration for some portions of the frequency range*; (3) *The center conductors of testport connectors are nominally set back from the outer conductors*. Sliding loads are designed to allow the center conductor to be moved. The position of the sliding load center conductor should be set by a reference block and not positioned flush against the center conductor of the testport.
- c. The 2.4 mm to 2.92 mm adapters are tested two at a time (connected together) at the factory.
- d. The specifications for the opens and shorts are given an allowed deviation from the nominal model as defined in the standard definitions (see [“Class Assignments and Standard Definitions Values are Available on the Web”](#) on page A-2).

## Supplemental Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-4 on page 2-6 lists the typical electrical characteristics of the 2.4 mm to 2.92 mm adapters in this kit. Values in this table are *not* specifications, but are intended to provide useful application information by giving typical, but non-warranted, performance parameters.

**Table 2-4 2.4 mm to 2.92 mm adapter Characteristics**

Frequency (GHz)	Parameter	Typical Value
DC to $\leq 2$	Return Loss	$\geq 38$ dB ( $\leq 0.01259 \rho$ )
$> 2$ to $\leq 20$	Return Loss	$\geq 35$ dB ( $\leq 0.01778 \rho$ )
$> 20$ to $\leq 40$	Return Loss	$\geq 30$ dB ( $\leq 0.03162 \rho$ )
DC to $\leq 40$	Electrical Length	39.631 ps $\pm 0.14$ ps
DC to $\leq 40$	Insertion Loss	$< 0.075$ dB ( $> 0.99140 \rho$ )

## Residual Errors after Calibration

The 8510 “Specifications and Performance Verification” software can be used to obtain a printout of the residual errors after a calibration has been performed. Refer to the “Specifications and Performance Verification” section of the 8510 *On-Site Service Manual* for information on how to use the software.

## Certification

Agilent Technologies certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Agilent further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to the extent allowed by the institute’s calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members. See [“How Agilent Verifies the Devices in Your Kit,”](#) on page 4-2 for more information.