## Chapter 2 Specifications

Specifications describe the instrument's warranted performance and apply within  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C and 2 hours of last self-calibration. Specifications designated as "Typical" reflect supplemental, non-warranted characteristics.

Amplitude Input Range:	+27 dBV (31.7 Vpk) to -51 dBV (3.99 mVpk). Range is adjustable in 2 dB increments.	Common Mode Rejection:	(Frequency ≤ 1 -51 to -11 dBV Ra (3.99 mVpk to 39	anges > 80 dB (Typical)
Dynamic Range:	70 dB The following undesired responses will be < -70 dB relative to full scale		-9 to +9 dBV Ran (502 mVpk to 3.9	rges > 60 dB (Typical) 9 Vpk) Ranges > 40 dB (Typical)
	input range: Harmonic Distortion Intermodulation Distortion Alias Responses Spurious or Residual Responses	Crosstalk:	signal, or $< -70$ c	l range, whichever
Noise:	(-51 dBV range, Rs = 50Ω, 16 rms averages) 160 Hz to 1.28 kHz < -130 dBV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ (.316 $\mu$ V/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )		NOTE: This specification applies to both channel-to-channel and source-to-input crosstalk.	
	1.28 kHz to 102.4 kHz < -140 dBV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ (.100 $\mu$ V / $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )	Residual DC Response:	Input Range (dBV)	DC Level
	NOTE: The following table shows the maximum span for each range at which noise will be < -70 dB relative to full		+ 27 to -35 (31.7 Vpk to 25.1 mVpk)	< -30 dB relative to full scale

maximum span for each range at which noise will be < -70 dB relative to full scale for frequencies > 1.28 kHz.

If you are using a span equal to or narrower than the spans shown below for each window/range combination, noise will not limit dynamic range.

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Ranges (dBV)	Uniform	Hann	Flat Top
+27 to -39	102.4 kHz	102.4 kHz	102.4 kHz
-41	102.4 kHz	102.4 kHz	51.2 kHz
-43	102.4 kHz	102.4 kHz	51.2 kHz
-45	102.4 kHz	51.2 kHz	25.6 kHz
-47	51.2 kHz	51.2 kHz	12.8 kHz
-49	25.6 kHz	25.6 kHz	12.8 kHz
-51	25.6 kHz	12.8 kHz	6.4 kHz

Absolute Amplitude Accuracy:  $\pm~0.5~\mathrm{dB}~\pm~0.03~\%$  of input range (488  $\mu$ Hz to 102.4 kHz, DC coupled)

-37 to -51

 $(Rs = 50\Omega)$ 

(20.0 mVpk to 3.99 mVpk)

Worst case absolute amplitude accuracy is the sum of full scale accuracy, linearity, and flatness at any of the 401 calculated frequency points. If the input signal is not at the center of a frequency bin, the accuracy of the measured signal will be the sum of absolute amplitude accuracy and the flatness specification for that particular window (see window shape parameters).

< -20 dB relative

to full scale

Full Scale Accuracy: ± 0.15 dB (at 1 kHz)

Linearity:  $\pm 0.15 \text{ dB}$   $\pm 0.03\%$  of range (at 1 kHz)

Flatness: ± 0.2 dB

(relative to 1 kHz, DC coupled)

Frequency Measurement

Channel 1: 488 µHz to 102.4 kHz, single

channel mode

Channel 1 and 2: 244 µHz to 51.2 kHz,

dual channel mode.

Accuracy:

Range:

± 0.003% of frequency reading

Resolution:

Span/400, both channels, single or dual

channel operation.

Spans:

Spans.	Single Channel	Dual Channel
# of spans available	(	20 (x2 sequence)
min. span	195.3 mHz	97.6 mHz
max. span	102.4 kHz	51.2 kHz
time record length	400/span	400/span

Window **Functions:** 

Flat Top, Hann, Uniform, Force,

Exponential

Window Shape

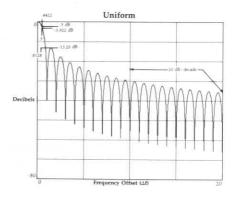
Parameters:	Noise Equiv. BW (% of span)	-3dB BW (% of span)	Shape Factor (-60dB BW/ -3 dB BW)	Window Flatness (dB)*
Uniform	0.25	0.25	716	+0, -4.0
Hann	0.375	0.37	9.1	+0, -1.5
Flat Top	0.955	0.9	2.6	$\pm 0.005$

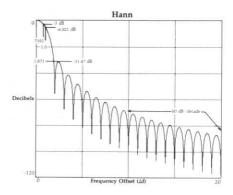
<sup>\*</sup> relative to analyzer's 401 calculated frequency points (spectral lines)

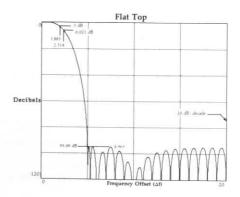
The HP 35660A functions as if the input signal were applied to a bank of 401 narrow-band filters in parallel. The drawings at right show the response of a single filter in the frequency domain when using Uniform, Hann or Flat Top windows. The left side of each drawing represents the center of the filter. The horizontal axis shows frequency offset (in unit of  $\Delta p$ ) from the center of the filter. The units of  $\Delta f$  represent the spacing between adjacent bin centers. Only positive offsets are shown, as each filter is symmetrical.
NOTE: HP 35660A marker frequencies fall at the center of each filter.

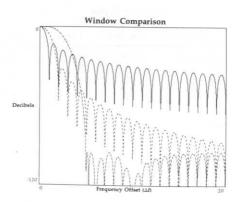


source off)	Single Channel	Dual Channel	
Averaging Off	800 Hz	400 Hz	
Fast Averaging	3.2 kHz	1.6 kHz	









Phase

Single Channel Phase Accuracy: 488 uHz to 10.24 kHz  $\pm 4.0^{\circ}$ 

(relative to external trigger, 16 vector averages, amplitude ≥ -50 dB relative to

full scale, DC coupled)

NOTE: For Hann or Flat Top windows, phase is relative to the center of the time record. For the Uniform, Force, and Exponential windows, phase is relative to the beginning of the time record.

Frequency Response

Gain Accuracy:

± 0.4 dB

Phase Accuracy:

488 uHz to 10.24 kHz 10.24 kHz to 102.4 kHz

± 1°  $\pm 1.8^{\circ}$ 

(DC coupled, 16 rms averages, 488 µHz to 51.2 kHz, Ch1 range = Ch2 range, full scale periodic chirp input, Uniform

window)

Inputs

Connection:

Grounded or Floating

**Input Impedance:**  $1 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 10\%$  shunted by < 100 pF

Low to chassis in floating mode: 1 M $\Omega$  shunted by < 0.01  $\mu$ F (Typical)

Low to chassis in grounded mode:  $50\Omega$ 

(Typical)

Input Coupling:

AC or DC coupling; AC roll-off is < 3 dB at 1 Hz

Common Mode Range:

± 4V peak (floating mode) Source

Random, periodic chirp, fixed sine outputs are available from the front

panel SOURCE output.

Output Impedance:  $< 5\Omega$ 

Max. Output Level: ± 5 Vpk

Max. Current:

± 20 mA

Max. Capacitive

Load:

Sine:

1000 pF

Frequency range: 15.63 mHz to 102.4 kHz

Amplitude Accuracy:

 $\pm 4\%$  Vpk (at 1 kHz, Vpk = .1V to 5V)

Flatness: ± 1.0 dB

(relative to 1 kHz, Vpk= .1V to 5V)

Harmonic, subharmonic, and other

spurious responses:

488 µHz to 10 kHz:

< -60 dB relative to fundamental

10 kHz to 102.4kHz:

< -40 dB relative to fundamental

(Vpk = 0.1V to 5V)

Residual DC offset:  $\pm 8.0 \text{ mV}, \pm 6.0\% \text{ Vpk}$ 

Random:

Flatness: < 5.0 dB (Typical)

(passband, relative to minimum amplitude in the frequency domain,

Vpk = .1V to 5V, full span

Crest factor (Vpk/Vrms): 2.5 (Typical) (center frequency > 0.7 \* span frequency)

Trigger

Internal:

Positive or negative slope

Level range: ± 100% of input range

Power:

90 - 132 VAC, 48 to 440 Hz 198 - 264 VAC, 48 to 66 Hz

280 VA maximum

External:

TTL, positive or negative slope

Weight:

22 kg (47 lbs) net

24 kg (52 lbs) shipping

Delay:

Pre-trigger: from 0 to 6 samples less than 8 time records. Resolution is 1 sample.

**Dimensions:** 

222 mm (8.75 in) high

425.5 mm (16.75 in) wide 538 mm (21.19 in) deep

Post-trigger: from 0 to 8191 seconds.

Resolution is 1 sample.

(1 sample = time record (secs)/1024)

NOTE: the relative trigger delay between channel 1 and 2 can be no more than ± 7 time records. As you set delay on one channel, the analyzer will automatically adjust delay on the other channel, so that the difference in their delay does not exceed 7 time records.

HP-IB:

Implementation of IEEE Std 488.1 & 488.2

SH1 AH1 T6 TE0 L4 LE0 SR1 RL1 PP0

DC1 DT1 C1,C2,C3,C12 E2

Peripherals:

Disc Drives: SS/80 Protocol Disc Drives

Plotters: Hewlett-Packard Graphics Language (HP-GL) digital plotters

Printers: HP-IB printers, alpha and

raster dumps.

(See ordering guide for a list of peripherals and accessories.)

General

Environmental Specifications:

Standard Instrument:

Storage (no disc in drive)

-20 to 60 C

non-condensing

15,200 m (50,000 ft)

5 to 95%

Temperature 5 to 50 C Humidity min. 8%

max. 80% at 30 °C non-condensing

Altitude 2150 m (7000 ft)

Operating

Abbreviations:

dBV = dB relative to 1 volt rms.

Rs = Resistance of source or termination

connected to input.

**Delete Disc Option:** 

Operating Storage Temperature 0 to 55 C -40 to 70 C min. 5% Humidity min. 5% max. 95% at 40 C max. 95% at 40 C Altitude 4570 m (15,000 ft) 15,200 m (50,000 ft)